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Exhibit 404

Cardinal Health, Inc. v. Holder

Attachment E *to* *Declaration of Michele M. Leonhart*



U.S. Department of Justice
Drug Enforcement Administration

Office of the Deputy Administrator

Washington, D.C. 20537

IN THE MATTER OF

DEC 07 2007

Cardinal Health
1120 Commerce Blvd.
Swedesboro, NJ 08085

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AND
IMMEDIATE SUSPENSION OF REGISTRATION**

PURSUANT to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

NOTICE is hereby given to inform Cardinal Health ("Respondent") of the immediate suspension of Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA") Certificate of Registration RW0269654, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 824(d), because Respondent's continued registration constitutes an imminent danger to the public health and safety. DEA Certificate of Registration RW0269654 is assigned to Cardinal Health's Swedesboro, New Jersey, Distribution Center. Notice is also given to afford Respondent an opportunity to show cause before DEA, at DEA Headquarters located at 600 Army Navy Drive, Arlington, Virginia, on April 7, 2008 (if Respondent requests such a hearing), as to why DEA should not revoke such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 824(a)(4), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 823(b) and (e), because Respondent's continued registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. §§ 823(b) and (e). The basis for this Order to Show Cause and Immediate Suspension of Registration is set forth in the following non-exhaustive summary of facts.

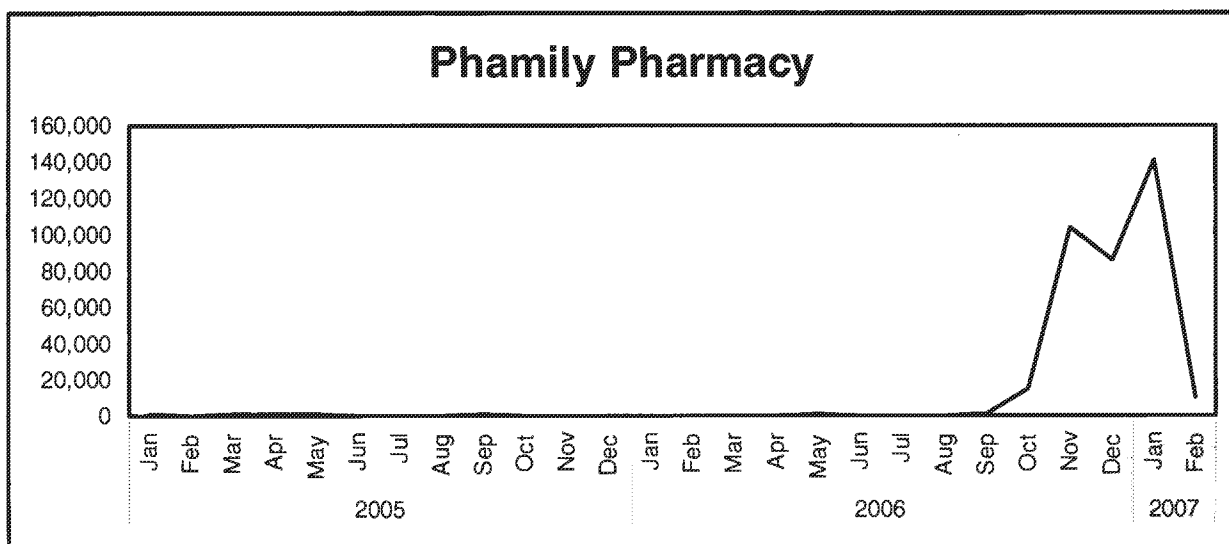
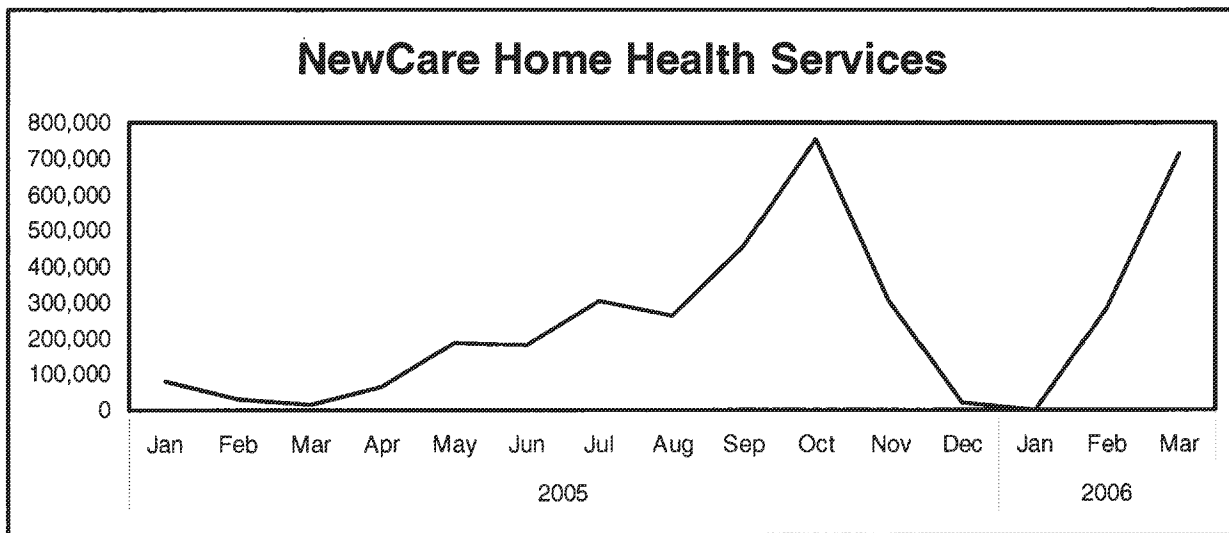
1. Respondent is registered with DEA as a distributor in Schedules II-V under DEA number RW0269654 at 1120 Commerce Blvd., Swedesboro, New Jersey 08085. DEA number RW0269654 will expire on May 31, 2008.

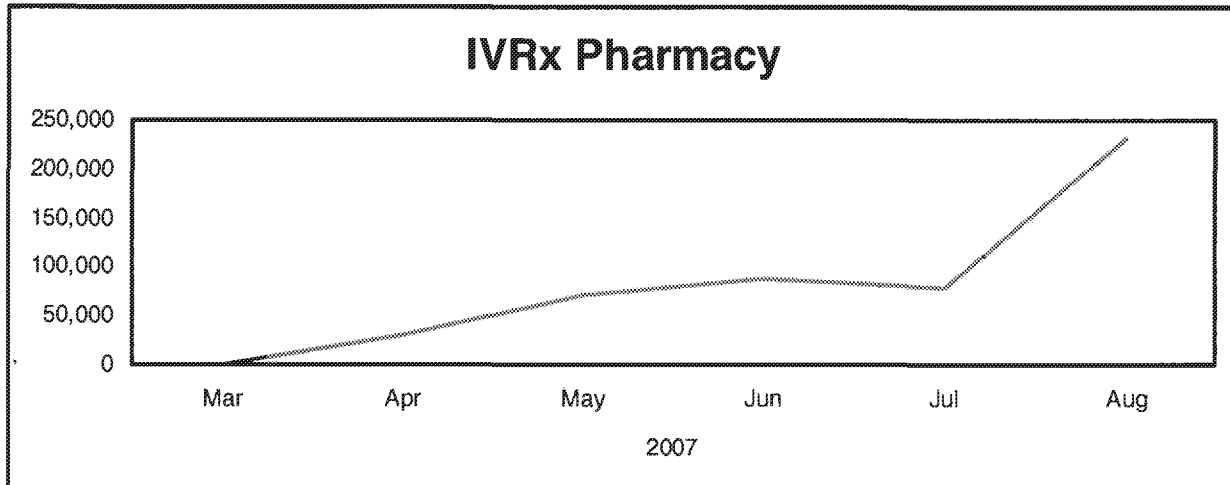
2. Respondent has failed to maintain effective controls against the diversion of particular controlled substances into other than legitimate medical, scientific and industrial channels, in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 823(b)(1) and (e)(1). From January, 2005 through August, 2007, Respondent distributed over 4.5 million dosage units of combination hydrocodone products to customers that it knew or should have known were diverting hydrocodone into other than legitimate medical, scientific and industrial channels. Hydrocodone, in the formulation that Respondent distributed to these customers, is a Schedule III narcotic controlled substance that is addictive and widely abused.

3. Some of Respondent's largest purchasers of combination hydrocodone products were pharmacies engaged in a scheme to distribute controlled substances based on purported

prescriptions that were issued for other than a legitimate medical purpose and by physicians acting outside the usual course of professional practice. These pharmacies distributed millions of dosage units of hydrocodone based on illegitimate prescriptions originating from drug distribution websites, in violation of applicable Federal and State law. *See United Prescription Services, Inc.*, 72 Fed. Reg. 50,397 (2007).

4. Respondent repeatedly distributed hydrocodone combination products to pharmacies engaged in the diversion of controlled substances, i.e., NewCare Home Health Services, Phamily Pharmacy and IVRx Pharmacy. Respondent continually supplied these pharmacies with excessive amounts of hydrocodone under circumstances in which Respondent knew or should have known that these pharmacies were diverting hydrocodone into other than legitimate medical, scientific, and industrial channels. The following graphs reflect the total dosage units of hydrocodone combination products that Respondent distributed to each pharmacy.





5. Respondent distributed hydrocodone to the pharmacies identified in paragraph 4, above, even though Respondent knew that many of the orders placed by the pharmacies were of an unusual size and were “suspicious” as that term is used in 21 C.F.R. § 1301.74(b). Respondent distributed hydrocodone to each of the named pharmacies even though the pharmacies ordered few, if any, other drug products from Respondent. Respondent knew that pharmacies generally order a wide variety of controlled substances and other drug products from wholesale distributors. Respondent also knew that orders that deviate substantially from a normal pattern were “suspicious” as that term is used in 21 C.F.R. § 1301.74(b). Respondent distributed hydrocodone to each of the named pharmacies even though the pharmacies ordered hydrocodone more frequently than Respondent’s other pharmacy customers. Respondent knew that orders of unusual frequency were “suspicious” as that term is used in 21 C.F.R. § 1301.74(b).

6. Respondent repeatedly supplied the pharmacies named in paragraph 4, above, with excessive amounts of hydrocodone despite the substantial guidance provided to Respondent by DEA regarding identifying rogue pharmacies engaged in Internet diversion schemes, and despite the public information readily available to Respondent regarding the pharmacies’ association with drug distribution websites, and despite the suspicious nature of the orders placed by these pharmacies. *See Southwood Pharmaceuticals, Inc.*, 72 Fed. Reg. 36,487 (2007).


IN view of the foregoing, and pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 823(b), (e), and 824(a)(4), it is my preliminary finding that Respondent has failed to maintain effective controls against diversion and that the continued registration of Respondent would be otherwise inconsistent with the public health and safety. Moreover, it is my preliminary conclusion that Respondent’s continued registration while these proceedings are pending would constitute an imminent danger to the public health and safety because of the substantial likelihood that Respondent will continue to divert large quantities of controlled substances. Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of 21 U.S.C. § 824(d) and 21 C.F.R. § 1301.36(e), and the authority granted me under 28 C.F.R. § 0.100, DEA Certificate of Registration RW0269654 is hereby suspended, effective December 13, 2007, at 12:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time. Such suspension shall remain in effect until a final determination is reached in these proceedings.

PURSUANT to 21 U.S.C. § 824(f) and 21 C.F.R. § 1301.36(f), the Special Agents and Diversion Investigators of the DEA who serve this Order to Show Cause and Immediate Suspension of Registration are authorized to place under seal or to remove for safekeeping all controlled substances that Respondent possesses pursuant to its registration, upon the effective date of the immediate suspension of Respondent's registration. The said Agents and Investigators are also directed to take into their possession Respondent's DEA Certificate of Registration and any unused order forms.

THE following procedures are available to Respondent in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause and Immediate Suspension, Respondent may file with the Deputy Administrator of the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. (*See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a)). If Respondent fails to file such a request, the hearing set for April 7, 2008, shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause and Immediate Suspension of Registration, Respondent may file with the Deputy Administrator a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding Respondent's position on the matters of fact and law involved. (*See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c)).
3. Should Respondent decline to file a request for a hearing or, should Respondent request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, Respondent shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing and the Deputy Administrator may cancel such hearing, and may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing and based upon the investigative file and the record of this proceeding as it may then appear. (*See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d), 1301.43(e)).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, Washington, D.C. 20537. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. (*See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45).


Michele M. Leonhart 12/7/07
Deputy Administrator
Drug Enforcement Administration

cc: Hearing Clerk
Office of Administrative Law Judges

Affidavit of Service

I hereby affirm that on the date and time signed below; this Order to Show Cause and Immediate Suspension of Registration was served on Respondent's authorized representative.

Date

Time

Diversion Investigator

REQUEST FOR HEARING

Any person desiring a hearing with respect to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:

[DATE]

Hearing Clerk
Office of the Administrative Law Judges
Drug Enforcement Administration
Washington, D.C. 20537

Dear Madam:

The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]
- (B) [State with particularity the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]

Respectfully yours,

[Signature of registrant,
applicant, or attorney]

Note: Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.